



Evaluating Text-To-Text Framework for Topic and Style Classification of Italian texts

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Overall Results: No correlation was found between the sets of representation (ranked by *similarity* with the class they represent) and the model weighted F-score.





Three different classification tasks: Gender (2 classes), Topic (11 classes) and Age classification (5 classes).

Data distribution: The Age distribution is skewed towards the 20-29 range but overall is balanced, Gender is heavily skewed towards the Male class and Topic presents both very high frequency classes (Sports, Anime and Auto-moto) and very low frequency classes (Technology, Medicine-Aesthetics).

The classification objective has been changed from profiling an author given a collection of posts, to predict one of the three classes, or all three, given a single post.

Dataset dimension: 13.553 posts formed the training dataset and 5055 the test dataset.

TAG-IT Dataset (Cimino et al., 2020)



IT5: Is a T5 (Raffel et al., 2020) pre-trained for the Italian language. The model is trained on the Italian sentences extracted from a cleaned version of the mC4 corpus (Xue et al., 2021), a multilingual version of the C4 corpus including 107 languages.





IT5: Is a T5 (Raffel et al., 2020) pre-trained for the Italian language. The model is trained on the Italian sentences extracted from a cleaned version of the mC4 corpus (Xue et al., 2021), a multilingual version of the C4 corpus including 107 languages.

BERT (Devlin et al., 2018): We used the cased BERT pre-trained for the Italian language using Wikipedia and the OPUS corpus (Tiedemann et al., 2004) by the MDZ Digital Library Team.







Model Selection





We decided to use **BERT Base** (110M parameters) and **IT5 Base** (220M parameters).

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Sentence: "buongiorno Piloti!!! vi state preparando per l'appuntamento???" Label: "AUTO-MOTO"



Prompt: "Classifica Topic: buongiorno Piloti!!! vi state preparando per l'appuntamento???" **Generation output**: "automobilismo"

Final Training Instance

IT5 Pre-processing



Single Task: We fine-tuned three BERT models and three T5 models, one for each task (Gender, Topic and Age classification).

Experimental Setting



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Few-shot: We evaluated the performance of the single tasks models using increasing intervals of data samples (1/5, 2/5, 3/5, 4/5 of the training dataset).



Model	Торіс		Age		Gender				
	Macro	Weighted	Macro	Weighted	Macro	Weighted			
Dummy (S)	0.09	0.17	0.20	0.22	0.50	0.68			
Dummy (MF)	0.04	0.10	0.09	0.14	0.44	0.69			
BERT Random	0.14	0.34	0.26	0.27	0.56	0.74			
IT5 Random	0.14	0.34	0.20	0.26	0.36	0.74			
BERT	0.50	0.64	0.32	0.33	0.76	0.84			
IT5	0.19	0.41	0.16	0.22	0.31	0.70			
Multi-task									
MT BERT	0.56	0.67	0.32	0.33	0.75	0.84			
MT IT5	0.31	0.52	0.16	0.23	0.33	0.71			

Macro and Weighted average F-Score for all models and for all classification tasks. In **bold** the highest result for each task.

Single- and Multi-task results





Few-shot results



Sentence	Predicted Label	Correct Label
Che bell'acqua e che bei vitellini! Grande Pres.!	animali	celebrità
Perchè non l'alcool alimentare essendo neutro?	alcool	fumo
E costa pure meno		
terza miscela svizzera champagne eccellente!	bevande	fumo
non vedo l'ora di tornare da two lions per altre		
miscele		

IT5 making wrong but meaningful predictions.

IT5 wrong predictions examples





• **Topic**: the labels have been shuffled randomly;



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Model	Торіс		Age		Gender	
	Macro	Weighted	Macro	Weighted	Macro	Weighted
IT5	0.19	0.41	0.16	0.22	0.31	0.70
IT5 shuffled	0.07	0.17	0.11	0.17	0.29	0.69

Macro and Weighted F-Score for the three classification tasks done with IT5 trained on the original and on the shuffled dataset (*IT5 shuffled*).



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We tested the importance of **label representation** for the three tasks and found out that for tasks with an explicit lexical connection between the prompt and the label, the choice of representation for the label have a strong impact on performances.

Conclusions



Thank you for your attention!

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